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pestis amplexicaulis, Pursh., *Schenolirion Elliottii*, Feay, *Juncus repens*, Michx., *Rhynchospora cephalantha*, Torr., and *fasicularis*, Nutt., *Scleria gracilis*, Ell., *Carex glaucescens*, Ell., and the handsome grass, *Otenium Americanum*, Spreng., all of which were in a most excellent state for collecting.—DR. A. P. GARBER.

SOME PLANTS OF THE LOWER WABASH.—The following is a list of plants found in this vicinity during the past season, which are not included in my "*Catalogue of the Flora of the Lower Wabash Valley*," published in the *Geological Report of Ind.*, for 1875:

Helleborus viridis, L., Found in a fence-row, Feb., 15, in the last stage of flowering; evidently escaped from a garden near by.

Sagina apetalata, L., June 10th, in bloom. Dry woods.

Psoralea melilotoides, Michx. Found in full bloom, May 3, in a low moist prairie.

Petalostemon candidus, Michx. Same locality as the last, June 10.

Desmodium rotundifolium, DC. Sandy soil; not in bloom.

Desmodium Canadense, DC. July—Sep.

Triosteum perfoliatum, L. Bottom-lands.

Lepachys pinnata, Torr. & Gray. I have observed this plant for several seasons, but until this, have always taken it to be *Rudbeckia laciniata*, L.

Dysodia chrysanthemoides, Lag. Along road-sides in considerable numbers; this appears to be a "new-comer" in our locality.

Artemisia annua, From Siberia? Escaped from gardens; have found several specimens along road-sides during the past summer. Our amateur gardeners here call it "*Sweet Fern Plant*."

Nabalus racemosus, Hook. Moist prairie, Sep., 10.

Pedicularis Canadensis, L. April 13.—June 8.

Isanthus ceruleus, Michx. Sep. 20. The whole plant possesses an odor similar to *Monarda punctata*, L.; which I do not find mentioned in our text-books.

Lycopus Europaeus, L. var.—Have found an interesting form of this exceedingly variable species this season growing on a bare sand-stone cliff with *Pellaea atropurpurea*, Link., which last is usually thought to be found only on calcareous rock. Leaves ovate-lanceolate, acuminate, coarsely serrate; runners from 2—6 ft. long, some of them bearing immature flowers.

Fraxinus pubescens, Lam. Low wet woods.

Quercus lyrata, Walt. This southern species was identified from imperfect specimens found several years ago; not having found it since, I had concluded that this was a mistake, and had dropped it from my catalogue of this vicinity; but this season I have discovered quite a number of trees within a few miles of *Mt. Carmel*.

Hybrid of Quercus imbricaria & Quercus fulcata, Michx. During the past season I found a small fruitless oak-tree; from specimens of it sent *Dr. Engelmann* he thinks it a "hybrid of *imbricaria* and probably *fulcata*." The leaves vary from entire to three to five falcate lobed.

Goodyera pubescens, R. Br. Rocky bluff.

Calopogon pulchellus, R. Br. Moist prairie, May 10, in full bloom.

Smilax hispida, Muhl. River-bottoms.

Vilfa aspera, Beauv. Hilly open woods.

Vilfa vaginiflora, Torr. Dry clayey hill-sides; Aug.—Oct.

Andropogon scoparius, Michx.

Andropogon Virginicus, L.

Sorghum nutans, Gray. The three last, with *A. furcatus*, Muhl. form the principal grasses of our prairies.

Azolla Caroliniana, Willd. In a "*Cypress Pond*."—J. SCHNECK, *Mt. Carmel, Ill.*

FISSIDENS DECIPIENS, De Notaris.—Mr. Rau desires me to make this correction, as I had wrongly attributed this species to Mr. Austin. It is described in the Supplement to *Sullivant's Icones Muscorum*.—A. H. Y.